

Papua New Guinea

1–23 June 2023

Participants

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Leaders

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Ribbon-tailed Astrapia

Day 1 Overnight flight from London Heathrow via Doha to Singapore.

Day 2 Arrival in Singapore and transfer to another overnight flight to Port Moresby.

Day 3 This being the arrival day, we spent our time with some relaxed birding in the grounds of the Bluff Inn Motel, a short distance outside of Port Moresby, which would be our base for the next few days. All group members arrived in the morning, so we had most of the day to begin our introduction to the birds of Papua New Guinea. Our first birds today included Forest, Sacred and Common Kingfishers, and Pheasant Coucal. In the trees, we found Fawn-breasted Bowerbird, Helmeted Friarbird, Oriental Dollarbird, Australasian Figbird, Black-backed Butcherbird, Orange-bellied Fruit-dove, and Peaceful Dove, with Dusky and Papuan Black Myzomela's and both Rufous-banded and Mimic Honeyeaters feeding amongst the flowers. We also saw a small flock of Buff-faced Pygmy-parrot, several flocks of Coconut Lorikeets screeching as they flew around the grounds, White-breasted Woodswallow, Black Kite and Brahminy Kite both regular raptors around Port Moresby, and less frequent Doria's Goshawk. All in all, a great first day.

Day 4 After an early breakfast at the lodge, we drove up to Varirata National Park at dawn to get to a known Raggiana Bird-of-Paradise lek at first light. As we drove towards the lek, we could already hear the male birds calling raucously. We walked up the track and had superb views of a handful of birds, competitively fluffing up their downy plumes every time a female passed by in their impressive energetic display. We spent the rest of the morning around the car park and walking various trails through the

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mixed broadleaved and evergreen woodland habitats. We scanned numerous tree hollows for Barred Owllet-nightjar, but with no luck. We had better luck however with Forest Bittern, which we found across one of the ponds and it lingered for a while giving everyone excellent views of this often-elusive species. Brown-headed Paradise-kingfisher also showed well and later in the day Yellow-billed Kingfisher and Rufous-bellied Kookaburra. After a picnic lunch, we spent some time around the car park keeping out of the midday sun and watching Red-capped Flowerpecker, Mimic Honeyeater and a flock of Black-fronted White-eyes that came to feed in a fruiting tree. We also had great views of Amboyna and Black-billed Cuckoo-doves, Eclectus and Red-cheeked Parrots, Purple-tailed Imperial-pigeon, Glossy-mantled Manucode, Growling Riflebird, and Barking Owl at a day roost. Later in the day, our planned walk along the access road to the park proved a washout as the skies opened just as we got out of our vehicle, so we headed back to our hotel early. Among other species we saw today were Large-tailed Nightjar in flight at dawn, Glossy Swiftlet, Boyer's Cuckooshrike, Hooded Pitohui, Spot-winged and Frilled Monarchs, Spangled Drongo and Sulphur-crested Cockatoo, and today was an enjoyable and productive first full day of birding, despite the afternoon washout.

Day 5 We started the day with a visit to the grounds of the nearby Pacific Adventist University (PAU), where we planned to spend the morning birding among the grassland, ponds, and scattered trees. At first light we had great views of a couple of Raja Shelduck, large flocks of at least a dozen Australian White Ibis, Royal Spoonbills, a couple of Pied Herons, and a few Little Pied Cormorants among the Black Cormorants perched in trees on the edge of the ponds. Around the edges and in the scrub surrounding the ponds we had a few Australasian Swamphens and Dusky Moorhens, and a Buff-banded Rail flew past as we approached. Walking through the grass, we flushed a couple of Brown Quails, and upset several Masked Lapwings. As the weather was hot and humid, we tried to stick to the shade of the trees while we walked around to the other ponds. Scanning through the many Pacific Black Ducks, Wandering Whistling-ducks and Plumed Whistling-ducks we noticed three individuals on a log in the shade, that on closer viewing turned out to be Spotted Whistling-ducks. A single Comb-crested Jacana was spotted walking on the water lilies. Walking through the trees throughout the grounds of the PAU, we added Torresian Imperial-pigeon, Rufous Night-heron, Fawn-breasted Bowerbird, Australian Figbird, Bar-shouldered and Peaceful Doves, Black-backed Butcherbird, Torresian Crow, Grey Shrikethrush, Brown Oriole, Willie Wagtail, Pacific Swallow, Singing Starling, Channel-billed Cuckoo in flight, and a Variable Goshawk perched on a dead stump giving us some great scope views. After lunch at our lodge, we drove up to the start of the Kakoda Trail where we found a small flock of Grey-headed Munias feeding in the tall grass, and a couple of White-breasted Woodswallows perched on the overhead wires. Later, we drove up towards Varirata National Park to bird along the access road. This was a productive afternoon, and we added a whole host of species in roadside trees, including Pink-spotted Fruit-dove, Blue-winged Kookaburra, Leaden Flycatcher, Yellow-faced Myna, White-throated Honeyeater, Hooded Butcherbird and White-bellied Cuckooshrike. Great Cuckoo-dove fed on flowers with Yellow-streaked and Black-capped Lorys, Elfin Myzomela, and Black Sunbird. A pair of Lemon-bellied Flycatchers were flycatching at a distance, with Uniform Swiftlets and a Pygmy Eagle also in flight. After dinner back at our lodge we were lucky to catch a glimpse of a Barn Owl in flight while spotlighting in the grounds.

Day 6 We started the morning with a return to the Kakoda trail and were lucky to get good views of a pair of Brown Quails feeding on the track, and a couple of Grand Munias among more Grey-headed Munias. Later, we drove up to Varirata National Park, walking the access road in the opposite direction to yesterday. There was a lot of activity in the early hours, with Pink-spotted and Orange-bellied Fruit-doves, Red-cheeked Parrot, good views of a calling Brush Cuckoo, Rainbow Bee-eaters hawking and resting on open branches, a selection of Honeyeaters including Green-backed, Brown-backed, Scrub and Elegant, Green-backed Gerygone moving from tree to tree, Black-faced and Barred Cuckooshrikes, Varied Triller and even a female Growling Riflebird among the highlights of the morning. Later in the afternoon, we took a walk through the grounds of the Business University in Port Moresby, with repeat views of species seen during the day and the previous day.

Day 7 Our early morning flight to Mount Hagen departed Port Moresby on time, and we arrived at Kumul Lodge in the Enga province of Papua New Guinea's highlands in time for lunch. While we ate overlooking the feeders in the grounds of our lodge, they were visited by Brehm's Tiger-parrot, Common Smoky Honeyeater and Papuan Thrush, as well as several aggressive Belford's Melidectes that would chase everything else away. But the highlights that made everyone forget about lunch, were undoubtedly a couple of male Ribbon-tailed Astrapias that arrived sporting their incredible long white tails, and a Brown Sicklebill. We spent most of the afternoon around the productive feeders here, and later explored further around the extensive grounds of the lodge, where we found a few Papuan Scrubwrens, Fan-tailed Berrypecker feeding in the trees, and Friendly Fantail around the parking area. Later at dusk we drove out to try, unsuccessfully, for Archbold's Nightjar. After dinner we went out again in our lodge grounds to look for owl-nightjars and managed to pick up a Mountain Owllet-nightjar in the torch light.

Day 8 An early morning start got us to Kama village just at the break of dawn. We headed straight to the lek of the Lesser Bird-of-Paradise, where a couple of males were already displaying but partly concealed behind the branches of the casuarina trees. With patience, we finally had good views of the Lesser Birds-of-Paradise, as well as a supporting cast that included White-shouldered Fairywren, Red-collared Myzomela, Mountain Honeyeater and Brown-breasted Gerygone. Later, along a road in the village we had a Pygmy Eagle overhead and a Brown Goshawk perched in a tree in the distance. A small flock of Papuan Mountain-pigeons flew past, and a Fan-tailed Cuckoo was seen calling not very far away. Yellow-browed and Ornate Melidectes, Mountain Peltops, Papuan Grassbird and Papuan White-eye all showed well, but we had no luck with our target, Magnificent Bird-of-Paradise, and despite hearing one calling it was well hidden behind some trees on the opposite hill. On our way back to the Kumul Lodge, we stopped at the Lai River in search of Torrent Flycatcher with no luck. Further along the drive we tried for the Yellow-breasted Bowerbird but were unlucky here too, although we did see a few Rainbow Bee-eaters and Tree Martins. Along the main road closer to our lodge, we had good views of Greater Lophorina and some smart, Orange-billed Lorikeets. After lunch, we spent the early afternoon watching the feeders and birding the grounds around our cottages where we had Crested Satinbird, Crested Berrypecker, Rufous-naped Bellbird, Brown-backed and Regent Whistlers, White-winged Robin, Papuan Flycatcher among the wider selection of species from the previous day. Later in the afternoon we drove up to Murrumbidgee Pass to visit a private garden. We had a busy and productive few hours here, watching Red-breasted Pygmy-parrot, Modest Tiger-parrot, Plum-faced, Yellow-billed and Orange-billed Lorikeets, Elfin Myzomela, Grey-streaked Honeyeater, Tit Berrypecker, Mottled Berryhunter, Slaty Robin and Fan-tailed Cuckoo. The highlight however was the good 'scope views we had of a male King-of-Saxony Bird-of-Paradise, complete with its bizarre ornamental head plumes. After dinner we tried for a Papuan Boobook which had been calling in the distance. It did come closer, but not until most of the group had retired for the night, so only a few of us enjoyed good views of this owl today.

Day 9 We had an early start this morning, to visit Tonga village and a known site for Blue Bird-of-Paradise. We decided to first spend some time birding from the road before heading up to the village. A Greater Lophorina was calling, but we found a Lawes's Parotia instead, a good find and one of the more difficult birds-of-paradise on this trip. We continued our walk uphill to the village where we were greeted by the landowner and his family. Distant calls alerted us to the presence of a Blue Bird-of-Paradise, and before long we had it in our 'scope, quite distant but good views. During our time in Tonga we also found Yellow-browed and Ornate Melidectes, and Crinkle-collared Manucode. Later in the morning we drove further to a reliable site for Yellow-breasted Bowerbird, where we found a couple after some searching. Heading back to the lodge, we spent the early afternoon birding around the near grounds and keeping a watch on the feeders from time to time. Later, just as we were setting out on a longer walk around the grounds, lodge staff informed us that a flock of the delightful, but poisonous, monotypic Blue-capped Ifrita were feeding around the car park. They had retreated into the surrounding trees by the time we arrived, but we finally had great views of two individuals as they fed among the mossy trunks, peeking under the dry leaves. We set out on a walk among dense moss laden trees and tree ferns. The overcast

conditions meant bird activity was subdued, and we did have to work hard this afternoon. We did find a few new birds for the tour however, including Mountain Mouse-warbler and Large Scrubwren, and also heard a Lesser Melampitta which refused to emerge from the thick undergrowth. Despite the increasing threat of rain, we added Dimorphic Fantail and Black-breasted Boatbill, and finally, caught a glimpse of a Lesser Melampitta hopping along the trench in a clearing below our lodge.

Day 10 By now we were accustomed to the early starts, this time with our bags packed ready to move to a new location in the highlands. After a two-hour drive, we reached the Komonge road just after dawn and started birding along the road. The different landscape and higher elevation here would give us the chance of some additional species while we would also be looking for species that we might have missed around Kumul. Our first few highlights along the road included Brown Falcon, Papuan Lorikeet, Wattled Ploughbill, Black-throated Robin, Rufous-backed Honeyeater, and several endemic Princess Stephanie's Astrapias, with Orange-crowned Fairywren and Slaty-headed Longbill once we arrived at Komonge Ecotourism Lodge. Our group were the first tourists to stay at this new lodge, and after lunch we were greeted by the people of Komonge, who came from the surrounding villages to welcome us. In the afternoon, we continued birding along the road again adding a few new species including Black-mantled Goshawk, Great Woodswallow, Black-bellied Cuckooshrike, Papuan and Black Sittellas, Rufous-throated Bronze-cuckoo, Papuan King-parrot in flight, and a Madarasz's Tiger-parrot collecting nesting material along the roadside in the evening. After dinner, we heard Papuan Boobook around the lodge.

Day 11 After an early breakfast, we birded along the road at Komonge mainly focusing on species that we were missing. Scanning the roadside trees, we managed to pick up a few new species, including Black-throated Honeyeater, Loria's Satinbird, Mid-mountain Berrypecker, Garnet and Slaty Robins, Mottled Berryhunter, and Hooded Cuckooshrike. After lunch, we spent the afternoon exploring sites lower down in the valley, which proved a good decision with highlights including Plum-faced Lorikeet and Mountain Peltops, and a Gurney's Eagle flying overhead carrying prey back to its nest.

Day 12 We set out after breakfast on the drive back to Kumul. Along the way, we looked in particular for those species that would be unlikely or difficult around Kumul and the remainder of the tour. There was quite a bit of activity after a downpour throughout the night and we found a few new species with better views of others seen earlier during the tour. These included Buff-faced Scrubwren, Tit Berrypecker, Mountain Honeyeater and Red-breasted Pygmy-parrot. Leaving the area, we drove towards Kumul Lodge for our final night in the highlands. We stopped along the way at the Lai River to try again for Torrent Flycatcher, this time with good views of two of this New Guinea endemic close to the road. Later in the afternoon some of the group made a return visit to Murmur pass, while others decided on a more leisurely afternoon watching the feeders. The clouds overhead looked threatening, and in the end we managed just over an hour of birding with nothing of particular note before the heavens opened and we made our way back to our lodge.

Day 13 Today would be a travel day, taking us from Kumul to Mount Hagen and on to Kiunga in Papua New Guinea's Western Province. We had a few hours to spare this morning and spent them on a short walk within the grounds of Kumul Lodge, making the most of our time in this bird-rich setting knowing that many of these species would not be available again once we left the highlands. On the drive to Mount Hagen, a quick turnaround gave everyone great views of two Black-winged Kites and a lone Papuan Marsh Harrier hovering and soaring over an open grassland. Scanning the runway at the airport added Australian Pipit. Flights in Papua New Guinea are frequently delayed, and our flight today was no exception. We arrived in Kiunga later than scheduled and heavy rain here meant we headed straight to our hotel to try again tomorrow.

Day 14 Thunderstorms had been rumbling throughout the night, and rain continued this morning. Despite this, we set out early to try for Flightless Rail at a hide set up by local guides. The water levels were high, and the makeshift bridges we walked over to get to the site were partly submerged. The rail proved

elusive, so with the rain not showing any sign of subsiding we returned to the main road to bird the roadside habitats in easy reach of our tour bus. Despite the rain, we found Golden Monarch, Crinkle-collared Manucode, Yellow-bellied Longbill, Tawny-breasted and Graceful Honeyeaters, Meyer's Friarbird, Papuan Spinetail, Zoe's Imperial-pigeon and Pacific Emerald Dove, most of which were sat up waiting for the rain to subside, but there was no sign of that. After lunch at our hotel, we visited Boystown Road where the conditions were overcast, hot and humid, so with another deluge likely we stayed close to our bus. There was little activity in the forest, but some of the highlights before it began to pour included Greater Bird-of-Paradise, Boyer's Cuckooshrike, Superb and Dwarf Fruit-doves, Yellow-capped Pygmy-parrot and Red-flanked Lorikeet. We took refuge in our bus, soaked through and muddy, and with not much left of the afternoon we decided to head back to our hotel early, passing by the airport where we stopped to see a dozen or more Australasian Pratincoles on the airstrip.

Day 15 Today we would be making our overnight excursion to Kwatu and started out early from our hotel with our overnight bags. We reached the Fly River just as dawn was breaking, to board the boats that would take us upriver, and onto the Elevala River to Kwatu Camp. As we set off from the shore the rain was still beating down, but it did eventually subside, and we were soon picking out the birds flying overhead and perched in the trees along the banks. There were birds in all directions, and although we had to shout over the outboard motor to communicate we all had a great morning looking at Pacific Baza, Grey-headed Goshawk, around a dozen Collared Imperial-pigeon, lesser numbers of Pinon's Imperial-pigeon, Palm Cockatoo with its dramatically large bill, Double-eyed Fig-parrot, Streak-headed Honeyeater and Trumpet Manucode all perched in trees on the banks of the river. In flight, we also saw Great Cuckoo-dove, Blyth's Hornbill, Large Fig-parrot, Black-faced Cuckooshrike, and flocks of Metallic Starlings. Before reaching Kwatu, we stopped at a remote village to visit a rustic hide that had just been made near to an active bower of a Flame Bowerbird. After quite a walk to the hide, which was well made but very humid, we waited for a while to watch the bower. There was no sign of the bowerbird, although we did hear the call of a Hooded Pitta in the surrounding forest. We pushed on to Kwatu, arriving for lunch and to settle into our very basic accommodation for the night. After the chance of a rest and time to dry ourselves out a little, we were back out in our boats in search of the specialities of this riverine habitat in the Western Province. The rain had resumed, but when it finally did subside the bird activity started to pick up and before long, we had a magnificent Sclater's Crowned-pigeon, among our main targets here, perched in a tree. Other species we saw during the afternoon along the river included Greater Black Coucal, a male Twelve-wired Bird-of-Paradise displaying on a stick, Golden Myna, Moustached Treeswifts Dusky-cheeked Fig-parrot and Shining Flycatcher. After dinner during a break in the rain we took a walk around the lodge looking for night birds, and finally had good views of a Papuan Boobook for everyone.

Day 16 The sound of the rain had kept most of us awake at night, and everyone was up and ready for breakfast before first light. Soon we were out on our boats again, and nobody was surprised when it started to rain! But this morning it was just a light drizzle, and we had a productive morning birding from the boat and on occasional treks through the wet and muddy swamp forest. An unequivocal highlight of the day was an unmistakable male King Bird-of-Paradise at its lek, which would later be voted as the number one 'bird of the trip'. Among many others, we also saw Great Cuckoo-dove, Common Paradise-kingfisher, Pasquet's Parrot, Golden Cuckooshrike and Variable Shrikethrush all of which we had some great views before returning to Kwatu for lunch. This afternoon, we packed our bags into our boats for our return boat ride back to Kiunga. We made a repeat attempt for Flame Bowerbird without success, although a fortunate few of the group in our first boat saw a dazzling male fly across the river. Along the way, we saw a couple of Long-tailed Honey-buzzards, Rufous-bellied Kookaburra, Large-billed Gerygone, Grey Crow and Trumpet Manucode before arriving back at our hotel in Kiunga at dusk.

Day 17 We started out a bit late this morning, after getting all of our bags together ready to move from Kiunga to our next destination, Tabubil. Along the way we made a stop at Km 17. In the by now familiar

imperfect weather, we took a short walk that produced a Blue Jewel-babbler, and a close Lowland Peltops that hopped back and forth across the path a couple of times. After lunch at our hotel in Tabubil, we headed to Ok Menga where we added Chestnut-breasted Cuckoo, Black Butcherbird and Papuan Cicadabird. Later, we drove along Henry's Road where we decided to wait until dusk. We heard but could not see both Hook-billed Kingfisher and Shovel-billed Kookaburra. But we did find a Marbled Frogmouth that showed well, and a female Magnificent Bird-of-Paradise, all of which were new for the tour and made us late for dinner!

Day 18 An early morning start took us back to Henry's Road before dawn to try again for Hook-billed Kingfisher and Shovel-billed Kookaburra. They continued to evade us, so we continued our drive up to Hindenburg wall. The drive was long and rough, but we did add Torrent Lark along the way. Seeing that the activity wasn't as good here, we decided to head back to Henry's Road and bird that area for the rest of the day. At the bridge above Ok Menga we found a pair of Salvadori's Teal, endemic for the highlands of New Guinea, sitting on a rock in the river. We ate our packed lunch before spending the afternoon along Henry's Road, adding a few more special birds to our list including Beautiful Fruit-dove, Pacific Koel, White-eared Bronze-cuckoo, Stout-billed and Grey-headed Cuckooshrikes, Rusty Mouse-warbler, Northern and Rufous-backed Fantails, Obscure Berrypecker, Pygmy Longbill, Yellow-breasted Boatbill, Southern Variable Pitohui, with repeat views of plenty more.

Day 19 Today we visited Dablin Creek, arriving there to drizzle and thick fog, with a visibility of less than 20 meters. The fog lifted at intervals only to re-settle, and although we saw a few flocks of Black-fronted White-eyes that held a few Red-capped Flowerpeckers we could not see the flowering trees in the distance. Eventually we gave up and headed back to the hotel for lunch. After lunch we returned to Henry's Road finding Long-billed Honeyeater, a new addition to our trip list, as well as Long-tailed Honey-buzzard, Amboyna Cuckoo-dove, Zoe's Imperial-pigeon, flocks of Papuan Mountain-pigeons overhead, Oriental Dollarbird, Red-breasted Pygmy-parrot, Red-flanked Lorikeet, Black-capped Lory, Dusky-cheeked Fig-parrot, Mountain Peltops, Grey-headed Cuckooshrike, Golden Monarch, Magnificent Riflebird, Magnificent Bird-of-Paradise and Greater Bird-of-Paradise.

Day 20 We started early, not wanting to arrive late at the airport for our flight to Port Moresby, and in the end had some time to spare so stopped at Km 17 for some final birding in Kiunga not getting anything new we just enjoyed everything we saw. Our flight was delayed, and we also received notice that our international flight home tomorrow had been rescheduled, so once we arrived in Port Moresby we spent over an hour at the airport sorting out our flights home. While most of the group waited outside the airport, they did see Silver-eared Honeyeater which was new for the tour.

Day 21 As a result of our flight changes, we would now have an extra two days in Papua New Guinea. Today was our original departure day, but with this additional time at our disposal we decided to do some bonus birding. Having had to change our plans a couple of times over because of the flight disruption, we finally settled on a morning visit to the Pacific Adventist University before headed to our hotel in Port Moresby for lunch. After all the heavy rain of the past few days, the increase in temperature and humidity were noticeable today but we had a productive morning with a good selection of birds. Starting around the sewage lagoons we saw Radjah Shelduck, quite a few Australian White Ibis, a lone Pied Heron, Little Pied Cormorant and Rufous Night-heron perched in the trees with a few Little Black Cormorants, Australasian Swamphen, Dusky Moorhen, and Masked Lapwing feeding on the edges of the ponds and on the grass. In a fruiting tree we had good views of a few Orange-fronted and Dwarf Fruit-doves, some Torresian Imperial-pigeons, and several Channel-billed Cuckoos. We could hear a Wompoo Fruit-dove calling from the tree too but just could not locate it. Elsewhere in grassy patches in the fruit farm we had a sizeable flock of Grey-headed Munia, and amongst them a couple of Chestnut-breasted Munias and even a lone Golden-headed Cisticola that sat up to call, giving us a good view. We were moving to a new hotel for our two additional nights, so we called it a day at lunchtime to head back to town, and everyone enjoyed a bit of spare time this afternoon.

Day 22 This would be our last full day here in Papua New Guinea after our unexpected extension, and we decided to make the most of our time with a full day at Varirata National Park. Taking a packed breakfast and lunch we made an early start and after a hold up at the entry gate, which was still locked, we spent a while around the park's picnic area to try to locate a Painted Quail-thrush which was calling in the undergrowth. We did not find it, but some of the group had a glimpse of a Forbes's Rail as it peeked out of the undergrowth. Next, we headed into the forest to a known roost hole of Barred Owlet-nightjar. We stopped on the way when we heard a Red-breasted Pitta call, but though it responded to callback it would not show itself. At its roost hole, the Barred Owlet-nightjar popped up on cue, so we had some excellent views. On our way back, we were finally rewarded with views of the Red-breasted Pitta, and a smart Rufous-bellied Kookaburra too. We walked along the road before heading back to the picnic area for lunch. The walk was very rewarding as we added quite a few new species to our list including Spot-winged Black-faced and Spectacled Monarchs, Black Cicadabird, Piping Bellbird, Grey Whistler, and a couple of Hooded Pitohuis, and some of the group were lucky to have decent views of a pair of Coronated Fruit-doves. Over our lunch break at the picnic area, we enjoyed a selection of common species around us. Afterwards, we walked a few of the park trails. Although activity was subdued in the afternoon heat, we did come across some small flocks and added a few new birds including Yellow-legged Flycatcher, Yellow-bellied Gerygone, Black-Thicket-Fantail, Chestnut-bellied Fantail, and Yellow-breasted Boatbill, and although we heard Chestnut-backed Jewel-babbler a couple of times it just stayed in the undergrowth. We had a final birding session along the park's access road before leaving for our hotel in time to miss the evening traffic in Port Moresby.

Day 23 We had a leisurely start, leaving for the airport mid-morning taking a packed lunch. Our flight to Singapore was delayed which meant another rescheduling of our entire flight itinerary, but eventually we departed on our way home in the early evening arriving back in London at the end of a fantastic tour.

Top ten birds of the tour:

1. King Bird-of-Paradise
2. Mountain Owlet-nightjar
3. Ribbon-tailed Astrapia
4. Brown-headed Paradise-Kingfisher
5. Sclater's Crowned-Pigeon
6. Crested Satinbird
7. Wattled Ploughbill
8. Forest Bittern
9. Beautiful Fruit-Dove
10. Raggiana Bird-of-Paradise